# Returns prepared for or executed by Secretary

26 USC 6020(b)

		[	United States Statutes at Large								
	1954 Code	1939 Code	Date Enacted	PL.#	Cong.	Sess.	Vol.	Part	Page	Chap.	Act Section
1	6020(b)	3612(a), (c)		n/a	43	1	18	1/3	610	1&2	R.S. 3176
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## Subpart D-Miscellaneous Provisions

Sec. 6020. Returns prepared for or executed by Secretary.
 Sec. 6021. Listing by Secretary of taxable objects owned by non-residents of internal revenue districts.

### SEC. 6020. RETURNS PREPARED FOR OR EXECUTED BY SECRETARY.

(a) Preparation of Return by Secretary.—If any person shall fail to make a return required by this title or by regulations prescribed thereunder, but shall consent to disclose all information necessary for the preparation thereof, then, and in that case, the Secretary or his delegate may prepare such return, which, being signed by such person, may be received by the Secretary or his delegate as the return of such person.

(b) Execution of Return by Secretary.—

(1) AUTHORITY OF SECRETARY TO EXECUTE RETURN.—If any person fails to make any return (other than a declaration of estimated tax required under section 6015 or 6016) required by any internal revenue law or regulation made thereunder at the time prescribed therefor, or makes, willfully or otherwise, a false or fraudulent return, the Secretary or his delegate shall make such return from his own knowledge and from such information as he can obtain through testimony or otherwise.

(2) Status of returns.—Any return so made and subscribed by the Secretary or his delegate shall be prima facie good and

sufficient for all legal purposes.

# SEC, 6021. LISTING BY SECRETARY OF TAXABLE OBJECTS OWNED BY NONRESIDENTS OF INTERNAL REVENUE DISTRICTS.

Whenever there are in any internal revenue district any articles subject to tax, which are not owned or possessed by or under the care or control of any person within such district, and of which no list has been transmitted to the Secretary or his delegate, as required by law or by regulations prescribed pursuant to law, the Secretary or his delegate shall enter the premises where such articles are situated, shall make such inspection of the articles as may be necessary and make lists of the same, according to the forms prescribed. Such lists, being subscribed by the Secretary or his delegate, shall be sufficient lists of such articles for all purposes.

#### SUBCHAPTER B—DETERMINATION OF TAX LIABILITY

### SEC. 3611. RETURNS EXECUTED BY TAXPAYER.

When not otherwise provided for—

(a) Preparation.-

- (1) By TAXPAYER.—It shall be the duty of any person made liable to any special tax or other tax imposed by law, to make a list or return, verified by oath, to the collector or a deputy collector of the district where located, of the articles or objects, including the quantity of goods, wares, and merchandise, made or sold and charged with a tax, the several rates and aggregate amount, according to the forms and regulations to be prescribed by the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, for which such person
- (2) By collector or deputy collector.—If any person liable to pay any tax, or owning, possessing, or having the care or management of property, goods, wares, and merchandise, articles or objects liable to pay any tax shall fail to make and exhibit a list or return required by law, but shall consent to disclose the particulars of any and all the property, goods, wares, and merchandise, articles, and objects liable to pay any tax, or any business or occupation liable to pay any tax as aforesaid, then, and in that case, it shall be the duty of the collector or deputy collector to make such list or return, which, being distinctly read, consented to, and signed and verified by oath by the person so owning, possessing, or having the care and management as aforesaid, may be received as the list of such person.

  (b) Time for Filing.—The list or return required under subsec-

tion (a) shall be made-

(1) Special taxes.—In the case of a special tax, on or before the 31st day of July in each year, and

(2) OTHER TAXES.—In other cases before the day on which the taxes accrue.

(c) Delinquency.—In case no annual list or return has been rendered by such person to the collector or deputy collector as required by law, and the person shall be absent from his or her residence or place of business at the time the collector or a deputy collector shall call for the annual list or return, it shall be the duty of such collector or deputy collector to leave at such place of residence or business, with some one of suitable age and discretion, if such be present, otherwise to deposit in the nearest post office, a note or memorandum addressed to such person, requiring him or her to render to such collector or deputy collector the list or return required by law within ten days from the date of such note or memorandum, verified by oath.

### SEC. 3612. RETURNS EXECUTED BY COMMISSIONER OR COLLECTOR.

(a) AUTHORITY OF COLLECTOR.—If any person fails to make and file a return or list at the time prescribed by law or by regulation made under authority of law, or makes, willfully or otherwise, a false or fraudulent return or list, the collector or deputy collector shall make the return or list from his own knowledge and from such information as he can obtain through testimony or otherwise.

(b) AUTHORITY OF COMMISSIONER.—In any such case the Commissioner may, from his own knowledge and from such information as he can obtain through testimony or otherwise-

(1) To MAKE RETURN.—Make a return, or

(2) To amend collector's return.—Amend any return made by a collector or deputy collector.

(c) LEGAL STATUS OF RETURNS.—Any return or list so made and subscribed by the Commissioner, or by a collector or deputy collector and approved by the Commissioner, shall be prima facie good and sufficient for all legal purposes.

Failure to obey

173, s. 14, v. 13, p. 226.

24 Dec., 1872, c. 13, s. 1, v. 17, p. 401.

When collector

13 July, 1866, c. 184, s. 9, v. 14, p. 101.

13, s. 2, v. 17, p. 402.

1 Low., 489.

Officers may enkept.

p. 238.

Returns to show or currency.

Sec. 3175. Whenever any person summoned under the two preceding summons, proceed-sections neglects or refuses to obey such summons, or to give testimony, or to answer interrogatories as required, the collectors may apply 30 June, 1864, c. to the judge of the district court or to a commissioner of the circuit court of the United States for the district within which the person so 13 July, 1866, c. summoned resides for an attachment against him as for a contempt. It 184, s. 9, v. 14, p. shall be the duty of the judge or commissioner to hear the application, and, if satisfactory proof is made, to issue an attachment, directed to some proper officer, for the arrest of such person, and upon his being brought before him to proceed to a hearing of the case; and upon such hearing the judge or commissioner shall have power to make such order as he shall deem proper not inconsistent with existing laws for the punishment of contempts, to enforce obedience to the requirements of the summons and to punish such person for his default or disobedience.

Sec. 3176. The collector or any deputy collector in every district shall mayenterpremises enter into and upon the premises, if it be necessary, of every person and make returns. therein who has taxable property and who refuses or neglects to render 30 June, 1864, c. any return or list required by law, or who renders a false or fraudulent 173, s. 14, v. 13, p. return or list, and make, according to the best information which he can obtain, including that derived from the evidence elicited by the examination of the collector, and on his own view and information, such list or return, according to the form prescribed, of the objects liable to tax, 24 Dec., 1872, c. owned or possessed or under the care or management of such person, and the Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall assess the tax thereon, In re Chadwick, including the amount, if any, due for special tax, and in case of any return of a false or fraudulent list or valuation, he shall add one hundred per centum to such tax; and in case of a refusal or neglect, except in cases of sickness or absence, to make a list or return, or to verify the same as aforesaid, he shall add fifty per centum to such tax. In case of neglect occasioned by sickness or absence as aforesaid, the collector may allow such further time for making and delivering such list or return as he may deem necessary, not exceeding thirty days. The amount so added to the tax shall, in all cases, be collected at the same time and in the same manner as the tax; and the list or return so made and subscribed by such collector or deputy collector shall be held good and sufficient for all legal purposes.

Sec. 3177. Any collector, deputy collector, or inspector may enter, in ter premises where the day-time, any building or place where any articles or objects subject taxable articles are to tax are made, produced, or kept, within his district, so far as it may be necessary, for the purpose of examining said articles or objects. 30 June, 1864, c. any owner of such building or place, or person having the agency or 173, ss. 37, 38, v. 13, superintendence of the same, who refuses to admit such officer, or to suffer him to examine such article or articles, shall, for every such refusal, forfeit five hundred dollars. And when such premises are open at night, such officers may enter them while so open, in the performance of their official duties. And if any person shall forcibly obstruct or hinder any collector, deputy collector, or inspector, in the execution of any power and authority vested in him by law, or shall forcibly rescue or cause to be rescued any property, articles, or objects after the same shall have been seized by him, or shall attempt or endeavor so to do, the person so offending, excepting in cases otherwise provided for, shall, for every such offense, forfeit and pay the sum of five hundred dollars, or double the value of the property so rescued, or be imprisoned for a term not exceeding two years, at the discretion of the court.

Sec. 3178. All persons required to make returns or lists of objects whether amounts charged with an internal tax shall declare therein whether the several are valued in coin rates and amounts are stated according to their values in legal-tender currency or according to their values in coined money; and in case of 10 Mar., 1866, c. neglect or refusal so to declare to the satisfaction of the collector receiv-15, ss. 3, 4, v. 14, ing such returns or lists, such officer shall make returns or lists for such 24 Dec., 1872, c. persons so neglecting or refusing, as in cases of persons neglecting or 13,s.1,v.17, p.401. refusing to make the returns or lists required by law, and the Commissioner shall assess the tax thereon, and add thereto the amount of pen-

value objects of taxation.

respectively reside, owning, possessing, or having the care or management of any property, goods, wares, and merchandise, articles or objects liable to pay any duty, stamp, or tax, including all persons liable to pay a license or other duty, under the provisions of this act, and to make a list of the owners, and to value and enumerate the said objects of taxation respecfively, by reference to any lists of assessment or collection taken under the laws of the respective states, to any other records or documents, to the written list, schedule, or return required to be made out and delivered to the assistant assessor, and by all other lawful ways and means, in the manner prescribed by this act, and in conformity with the regulations and instructions before mentioned.

Assistant assessors to make lists where owners neglect, but disclose.

SEC. 13. And be it further enacted, That if any person liable to pay any duty or tax, or owning, possessing, or having the care or management of property, goods, wares, and merchandise, articles or objects liable to pay any duty, tax, or license, shall fail to make and exhibit a list or return required by law, but shall consent to disclose the particulars of any and all the property, goods, wares, and merchandise, articles and objects liable to pay any duty or tax, or any business or occupation liable to pay any license, as aforesaid, then, and in that case, it shall be the duty of the officer to make such list or return, which being distinctly read, consented to, and signed and verified by oath or affirmation by the person so owning, possessing, or having the care and management as aforesaid, may be received as the list of such person.

Persons absent when assessor call, to send in

If persons neglect to make lists, or make false ones, as sor to summon,

Penalty for refusal to obey summons, &c.

Arrest for contempt.

SEC. 14. And be it further enacted, That in case any person shall be absent from his or her residence or place of business at the time an assistant assessor shall call to receive the annual list or return, it shall be the duty of such assistant assessor to leave at such place of residence or business, with some one of suitable age and discretion, if such be present, otherwise to deposit in the nearest post-office, a note or memorandum, addressed to such person, requiring him or her to present to such assessor the list or return required by law within ten days from the date of such note or memorandum, verified by oath or affirmation. And if any person, on being notified or required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to give such list or return within the time required as aforesaid, or if any person shall not deliver a monthly or other list or return without notice at the time required by law, or if any person shall deliver or disclose to any assessor or assistant assessor any list, statement, or return, which, in the opinion of the assessor, is false or fraudulent, or contains any understatement or undervaluation, it shall be lawful for the assessor to summon such person, his agent, or other person having possession, custody, or care of books of account containing entries relating to the trade or business of such person, or any other persons as he may deem proper, to appear before such assessor and produce such book, at a time and place therein named, and to give testimony or answer interrogatories under oath or affirmation respecting any objects liable to duty or tax as aforesaid, or the lists, statements, or returns thereof, or any trade, business, or profession liable to any tax or license as aforesaid. Such summons may be served by any assistant assessor of the district. In case any person so summoned shall neglect or refuse to obey such summons according to its exigency, or to give testimony, or to answer interrogatories as required, it shall be lawful for the assessor, upon affidavit proving the facts, to apply to the judge of the district court, or a commissioner authorized to perform the duties of such judge at chambers, for an attachment against such person as for a contempt. It shall be the duty of such judge or commissioner to hear such application, and, if satisfactory proof be made, to issue an attachment directed to some proper officer for the arrest of such person, and upon his being brought before him to proceed to a hearing of the case, and upon such hearing the judge or commissioner shall have power to make such order as he shall deem proper to enforce obedience to the requirements of sions of the preceding sections of this act; and the commissioner of internal revenue, subject to the approval of the Secretary of the Treasury, shall make all necessary rules and regulations for ascertaining the weight of all Rules and regucotton to be assessed, and for appropriately marking the same, and generally lations. for carrying into effect the foregoing provisions. And the Secretary of the Treasury is authorized to appoint all necessary inspectors, weighers, and Treasury is authorized to appoint all necessary inspectors, weighers, and of inspectors, markers of cotton, whose compensation shall be determined by the com- weighers, and missioner of internal revenue, and paid in the same manner as inspec-markers, &c. tors of tobacco are paid.

SEC. 9. And be it further enacted, That the act entitled "An act to Amendments provide internal revenue to support the government, to pay interest on the to act of 1864, ch. 173. public debt, and for other purposes," approved June thirty, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, as amended by the act of March third, eighteen hundred and sixty-five, be, and the same is hereby, amended as follows, viz:

That section five be amended by adding thereto the following: And any inspector, or revenue agent, or any special agent appointed by the Secretary of the Treasury, who shall demand or receive any compensa-inspectors, &c for extortion or tion, fee, or reward, other than such as are provided by law for, or in re-oppression. gard to, the performance of his official duties, or shall be guilty of any extortion or wilful oppression in the discharge of such duties, shall, upon conviction thereof in any circuit or district court of the United States having jurisdiction thereof, be subject to a fine of not exceeding one thousand dollars, or to imprisonment for not exceeding one year, or both, at the sal from office; discretion of the court, and shall be dismissed from office, and shall be disqualification, forever disqualified from holding any office under the government of the &c United States. And one half of the fine so imposed shall be for the use One half of fine of the United States, and the other half for the use of the person, to be to the United ascertained by the judgment of the court, who shall first give the informa- half to informer. tion whereby any such fine may be imposed.

That section eight be amended by striking out of said section all after the words "until an appointment filling the vacancy shall be made."

That section fourteen be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: That in case any person shall be absent from his or her residence or place of business at the time an assistant assessor shall call for the annual list or return, and no annual list or return has been rendered by such person to the assistant assessor as required by law, it shall be the duty of such assistant assessor sessors when to to leave at such place of residence or business, with some one of suitable render lists. age and discretion, if such be present, otherwise to deposit in the nearest post office, a note or memorandum, addressed to such person, requiring him or her to render to such assistant assessor the list or return required by law within ten days from the date of such note or memorandum, verified by oath or affirmation. And if any person, on being notified or if persons neglect to render required as aforesaid, shall refuse or neglect to render such list or return lists, or render within the time required as aforesaid, or if any person without notice, as false lists, assesaforesaid, shall not deliver a monthly or other list or return at the time to appear, required by law, or if any person shall deliver or disclose to any assessoi produce books, or assistant assessor any list, statement, or return which, in the opinion of &c. the assessor, is false or fraudulent, or contains any understatement or undervaluation, it shall be lawful for the assessor to summon such person, his agent, or other person having possession, custody, or care of books of account containing entries relating to the trade or business of such person, or any other person he may deem proper, to appear before such assessor and produce such book, at a time and place therein named, and to give testimony or answer interrogatories under oath or affirmation respecting any objects hable to tax as aforesaid, or the lists, statements, or returns thereof, or any trade, business, or profession hable to any tax as aforesaid. And the assessor may summon, as aforesaid, any person residing or found with nesses. in the State in which his district is situated. And when the person in-

Section 5 Penalty upon

Section 8.

Section 14.

Assistant as-

If persons do State, assessor may enter any district where. &c., and make examination.

served.

Certificate of service to be evidence.

books. Penalty for

neglecting, &c. to obey sum-mons, &c

Attachment for contempt,

Assessors to enter premises. take views, and make up lists.

be added to tax Further time.

how to be collected.

Section 19. Assessors to advertise, when taxes may be paid:

Appeals.

tended to be summoned does not reside and cannot be found within such not reside, &c., in State, the assessor may enter any collection district where such person may be found, and there make the examination hereinbefore authorized. And to this end he shall there have and may exercise all the power and authority he has or may lawfully exercise in the district for which he is com-Summons how missioned. The summons authorized by this section shall in all cases be served by an assistant assessor of the district where the person to whom it is directed may be found, by an attested copy delivered to such person in hand or left at his last and usual place of abode, allowing such person at the rate of one day for each twenty-five miles he may be required to travel, computed from the place of service to the place of examination; and the certificate of service signed by such assistant assessor shall be evidence of the facts it states on the hearing of an application for an attachment; and when the summons requires the production of books, it Description of shall be sufficient if such books are described with reasonable certainty. In case any person so summoned shall neglect or refuse to obey such summons, or to give testimony, or to answer interrogatories as required, it shall be lawful for the assessor to apply to the judge of the district court or to a commissioner of the circuit court of the United States for the district within which the person so summoned resides for an attachment against such person as for a contempt. It shall be the duty of such judge or commissioner to hear such application, and, if satisfactory proof be made, to issue an attachment, directed to some proper officer, for the arrest of such person, and upon his being brought before him to proceed to a hearing of the case; and upon such hearing the judge or commissioner shall have power to make such order as he shall deem proper, not inconsistent with the provisions of existing laws for the punishment of contempts, to enforce obedience to the requirements of the summons and punish such person for his default or disobedience. It shall be the duty of the assessor or assistant assessor of the district within which such person shall have taxable property to enter into and upon the premises, if it be necessary, of such person so refusing or neglecting, or rendering a false or fraudulent list or return, and to make, according to the best information which he can obtain, including that derived from the evidence elicited by the examination of the assessor, and on his own view and information, such list or return, according to the form prescribed, of the property, goods, wares, and merchandise, and all articles or objects liable to tax, owned or possessed or under the care or management of such person, and assess the tax thereon, including the amount, if any, due for special or income tax; and in case of the return of a false or fraudulent list or valuation, he shall add one hundred per 100 per cent to centum to such tax; and in case of a refusal or neglect, except in cases of sickness or absence, to make a list or return, or to yearfy the same as 50 per cent for aforesaid, he shall add fifty per centum to such tax; and in case of neglect neglect, &c. occasioned by sickness or absence as aforesaid, the assessor may allow such further time for making and delivering such list or return as he may judge Amountadded, necessary, not exceeding thirty days; and the amount so added to the tax shall, in all cases, be collected by the collector at the same time and in the same manner as the tax; and the list or return so made and subscribed by such assessor or assistant assessor shall be taken and reputed as good and sufficient for all legal purposes.

That section nineteen be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause, and inserting in lieu thereof the following: That the assessor for each collection district shall give notice by advertisement in one newspaper published in each county within said district, and if there be none published in the district, then in a newspaper published in a collection district adjoining thereto, and shall post notices in at least four public places within each assessment district, and shall mail a copy of such notice to each postmaster in his district, to be posted in his office, stating the time and place within said collection district when and where appeals will

for; and from the time set for said transfer, his office and that of his assistants shall cease.

Sec. 2. That the commissioner of internal revenue is hereby authorized and required thereafter to make the inquiries, determinations, and assessments of the following taxes, to wit:

For deficiencies imposed by the provisions of section twenty of an act entitled "An act imposing taxes on distilled spirits and tobacco, and for other purposes," approved July twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-

eight, as amended by subsequent acts.

Semi-annually, upon the deposits, capital, and circulation of each person, bank, association, company, or corporation engaged in the business of banking, imposed by the provisions of section one hundred and ten of an act entitled "An act to provide internal revenue to support the government and to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes," approved June thirtieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-four, as amended and supplemented by subsequent acts.

Upon articles provided for in section five, and in the first proviso of section fourteen, of an act entitled "An act to amend existing laws relating to internal revenue, and for other purposes," approved March second,

eighteen hundred and sixty-seven.

Upon tobacco, snuff, and cigars, provided for in section sixty of an act entitled "An act imposing taxes on distilled spirits and tobacco, and for other purposes," approved July twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixtyeight, as amended by section thirty-one of an act entitled "An act to reduce duties on imports and to reduce internal taxes, and for other purposes," approved June sixth, eighteen hundred and seventy-two.

Upon legacies and successions, and of all other internal-revenue taxes liable to be assessed, or accruing under the provisions of former acts; and the said commissioner shall certify such assessments, when made, to the proper collectors, respectively, who shall proceed to collect and account for taxes so certified in the same manner as assessments on lists are now collected and accounted for.

SEC. 3. That all special taxes imposed by law, accruing after April thirty, eighteen hundred and seventy-three, including the tax on stills, or worms, shall be paid by stamps denoting the tax, and the commissioner of internal revenue is hereby authorized and required to procure appropriate stamps for the payment of such taxes; and the provisions of sections twenty-six and one hundred and one of an act entitled "An act imposing taxes on distilled spirits and tobacco, and for other purposes," approved July twentieth, eighteen hundred and sixty-eight, and all other provisions of law relating to the preparation and issue of stamps for distilled spirits, fermented liquors, tobacco, and cigars, so far as applicable, are hereby extended, so as to include such stamps, and the commissioner of internal revenue shall have authority to make all needful rules and regulations Penalty for not relative thereto. Every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment, who is thereby made liable to a special tax, except tobacco of business stamps peddlers, shall place and keep conspicuously in his establishment or place of business all stamps denoting the payment of said special tax; and any person who shall through negligence, fail to so place and keep said stamp. shall, upon conviction, be sentenced to pay a penalty equal to the special tax for which his business rendered him liable, and the costs of prosecution; but in no case shall said penalty be less than ten dollars. And where the failure to comply with the foregoing provision of law shall be through willful neglect or refusal, then the penalty shall be double the amount above prescribed: Provided, That nothing contained in this section shall change, or in any way affect, the liability of any person for exercising or carrying on any trade, business, or profession, or doing any act for the exercising, carrying on, or doing of which a special tax is imposed by law, without the payment thereof.

Commissioner of internal revenue to make certain assessments, &c., for deficiencies in returns of distilled spirits; 1868, ch. 186,

§ 20. Vol. xv. p. 188, deposits, &c., in banking business:

1864, ch. 178, § 110. Vol. xiii. p. 277. 110.

Upon certain distilled spirits sold without a stamp; 1867, ch. 169, §§ 5, 14. Vol. xiv. pp.

472, 481. on tobacco, &c.; 1868, ch. 186, 1872, ch. 815,

Ante, p. 249. on legacies and successions, assessments to be certified to, and collected by, collectors.

All special taxes after, &c., to be paid by stamps.

Stamps to be procured, and provisions of former laws to apply. 1868, ch. 186, §§ 26, 101. Vol. xv. pp. 137, 165.

keeping conspicnously in place denoting payment of special tax;

in cases of wilful neglect or refosal.

Proviso.

REVENUE ACT OF 1926.

RECORDS, STATEMENTS, AND SPECIAL RETURNS

Records, etc. Taxpayers to keep prescribed records, etc.

Sec. 1102. (a) Every person liable to any tax imposed by this Act, or for the collection thereof, shall keep such records, render under oath such statements, make such returns, and comply with such rules and regulations, as the Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may from time to time prescribe.

Any person may be required to make returns, etc.

(b) Whenever in the judgment of the Commissioner necessary he may require any person, by notice served upon him, to make a return, render under oath such statements, or keep such records as the Commissioner deems sufficient to show whether or not such person is liable to tax.

Returns without oath if tax under \$10.

(c) The Commissioner, with the approval of the Secretary, may by regulation prescribe that any return required by any internal revenue law (except returns required under income or estate tax laws) to be under oath may, if the amount of the tax covered thereby is not in excess of \$10, be signed or acknowledged before two witnesses instead of under oath.

Officers authorized to administer oaths.

(d) Any oath or affirmation required by the provisions of this Act or regulations made under authority thereof may be administered by any officer authorized to administer oaths for general purposes by the law of the United States or of any State, Territory, or possession of the United States, wherein such oath or affirmation is administered, or by any consular officer of the United States.

SEC. 1103. Section 3176 of the Revised Statutes, as amended, is amended to read as follows:

610, amended. Returns by collector if none or a false one made by the taxpayer. Vol. 43, p. 339, amend-

Returns. R. S., sec. 3176, p.

"Sec. 3176. If any person, corporation, company, or association fails to make and file a return or list at the time prescribed by law or by regulation made under authority of law, or makes, willfully or otherwise, a false or fraudulent return or list, the collector or deputy collector shall make the return or list from his own knowledge and from such information as he can obtain through testimony or otherwise. In any such case the Commissioner of Internal Revenue may, from his own knowledge and from such information as he can obtain through testimony or otherwise, make a return or amend any return made by a collector or deputy collector. Any return or list so made and subscribed by the Commissioner, or by a collector or deputy collector and approved by the Commissioner,

By Commissioner.

Legal effect.

shall be prima facie good and sufficient for all legal purposes. "If the failure to file a return (other than a return under Title II of the Revenue Act of 1924 or Title II of the Revenue Act of 1926) or a list is due to sickness or absence, the collector may allow such further time, not exceeding 30 days, for making and filing

Extension allowed to returns, except income, for sickness, etc.

the return or list as he deems proper.

Assessment of tax by Commissioner.

Additional tax imposed.

Increased fraudulent returns.

Collection, etc., of

"The Commissioner of Internal Revenue shall determine and assess all taxes, other than stamp taxes, as to which returns or lists are so made under the provisions of this section. In case of any failure to make and file a return or list within the time prescribed by law, or prescribed by the Commissioner of Internal Revenue or Exception if failure the collector in pursuance of law, the Commissioner shall add to the tax 25 per centum of its amount, except that when a return is filed after such time and it is shown that the failure to file it was due to a reasonable cause and not to willful neglect, no such addition shall be made to the tax. In case a false or fraudulent return or list is willfully made, the Commissioner shall add to the tax 50 per centum of its amount.

"The amount so added to any tax shall be collected at the same time and in the same manner and as a part of the tax unless the tax has been paid before the discovery of the neglect, falsity, or fraud, in which case the amount so added shall be collected in the same manner as the tax."

the time of yeasting, the gravity and temperature of the beer at the time of yeasting, and on every day thereafter its quantity, gravity and temperature at the hour of twelve meridian; also the time when any fermenting tub is emptied of ripe mash or beer, the number of gallons of spirits distilled, the number of gallons placed in warehouse, and the proof thereof, and the number of gallons sold or removed, with the proof thereof, and the name, place of business and residence of the person to whom sold; and every fermenting tub shall be emptied at the end of the fermenting period, and shall remain empty for a period of twenty-four tobs, when to be emptied, and hours. On the first, eleventh, and twenty-first days of each month, or how long to rewithin five days thereafter, respectively, every distiller shall render to main empty the assistant assessor an account in duplicate, taken from his books, duplicate from stating the quantity and kind of materials used for the production of books to be renspirits each day, and the number of wine gallons and of proof gallons of ant assessor trapperits produced and placed in warehouse. And the distiller or the principal monthly, and on pal manager of the distillery shall make and subscribe the following oath, what days to be attached to said return: -

"I, —, distiller, (or principal manager, as the case may be,) of the distillery at ----, do solemnly swear that, since the date of the last turn. return of the business of said distillery, dated ---- day of ---- to day of -, both inclusive, there was produced in said distillery, and withdrawn and placed in warehouse, the number of wine gallons and proof gallons of spirits, and there were actually mashed and used in said distillery, and consumed in the production of spirits therein, the several quantities of grain, sugar, molasses, and other materials, respectively, herembefore specified, and no more."

Oath to re-

The said book shall always be kept at the distillery, and be always Book to be kept open to the inspection of any revenue officer, and, when filled up, shall be at distillery and open to inspect preserved by the distiller for a period not less than two years thereafter, tion, and preand whenever required shall be produced for the inspection of any served after be-revenue officer. If any false entry shall be made in either of said books, ing filled up. or any entry required to be made therein shall be omitted therefrom, for every such false entry made, or omission, the distiller shall forfeit and pay false entries, or a penalty of one thousand dollars. And if any such false entry shall be omitting to make entries; made, or any entry shall be omitted therefrom with intent to defraud or to conceal from the revenue officers any fact or particular required to be stated and entered in either of said books, or to mislead in reference thereto, or if any distiller as aforesaid shall omit or refuse to provide for omitting either of said books, or shall cancel, obliterate, or destroy any part of provide books either of such books, or any entry therein, with intent to defraud, or shall or destroying permit the same to be done, or such books, or either of them, be not pro-them or any entry therein, with duced when required by any revenue officer, the distillery, distilling intent to de apparatus, and the lot or tract of land on which it stands, and all personal fraud, or not proproperty of every kind and description on said premises used in the busi- when required. ness there carried on, shall be forfeited to the United States. And any person making such false entry or omitting to make any entry hereinbefore required to be made, with the intent aforesaid, or who shall cause or procure the same to be done, or who shall fraudulently cancel, obliterate, or destroy any part of said books, or any entry therein, or who shall wilfully fail to produce such books or either of them, on conviction, shall be fined not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars, and imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years. Assessor to

Penalty for

SEC. 20. And be it further enacted, That on receipt of the distiller's month whether first return in each month, the assessor shall inquire and determine distiller has acwhether said distiller has accounted in his returns for the preceding spirits produced month for all the spirits produced by him; and to determine the quantity by him of spirits thus to be accounted for, the whole quantity of materials used for the production of spirits shall be ascertained; and forty-five gallons see Vol. xvi. of mash or beer brewed or fermented from grain shall represent not less p. 42.

Assessor to de-

See Vol xvi. p. 42 If return is deficient, distiller to be assessed for deficiency.

Return not to be for less than eighty per cent of producing capacity of distrilery.

Storekeeper of distillery warehouse to have charge of distillerv

His duties.

Daily account, and of what.

distiller and persons employed in distillery for using material, of storekeeper.

Distillers when deemed to have commenced producing distilled spirits, &c.;

give notice.

Assistant assessor to fasten doors of furnaces, &c.

Locks, seals, &c how furnished.

Report to be made to assessor and transmitted to the commissioner

Distriler not to carry on busiagain until after notice to assistant assessor. who shall re-

than one bushel of grain, and seven gallons of mash or beer brewed or fermented from molasses shall represent not less than one gallon of molasses. In case the return of the distiller shall have been less than the quantity thus ascertained, the distiller or other person liable shall be assessed for such deficiency at the rate of fifty cents for every proof gallon, and at what rate together with the special tax of four dollars for every cask of forty proof gallons, and the collector shall proceed to collect the same as in cases of other assessments for deficiencies; but in no case shall the quantity of spirits returned by the distiller, together with the quantity so assessed, be for a less quantity of spirits than eighty per centum of the producing capacity of the distillery, as estimated under the provisions of this act.

SEC. 21. And be it further enacted, That the storekeeper assigned to any distillery warehouse shall also have charge of the distillery connected therewith; and, in addition to the duties required of him as a storekeeper in charge of a warehouse, shall keep in a book to be provided for that purpose, and in the manner to be prescribed by the commissioner of internal revenue, a daily account of all the meal and vegetable productions or other substances brought into said distillery, or on said premises, to be used for the purpose of producing spirits, from whom purchased, and when delivered at said distillery, the kind and quantity of all fuel used, and from whom purchased, and of all repairs made on said distillery, and by whom and when made, the names and places of residence of all persons employed in or about the distillery, of the materials put into the mash tub or otherwise used for the production of spirits, the time when any fermenting tub is emptied of ripe mash or beer, recording the same by the number painted on said tub, and of all spirits drawn off from the Penalty upon receiving cistern, and the time when the same were drawn off. Any distiller or person employed in any distillery who shall use, cause, or permit to be used any material for the purpose of making mash, wort, or beer, or for the production of spirits, or shall remove any spirits in the absence or removing spirits in absence of the storekeeper or person designated to act as said storekeeper, shall forfeit and pay double the amount of taxes on the spirits so produced, distilled, or removed, and, in addition thereto, be liable to a penalty of one thousand dollars.

Sec. 22. And be it further enacted, That every distiller, at the hour of twelve meridian, on the third day after that on which his bond shall have been approved by the assessor, shall be deemed to have commenced and thereafter to be continuously engaged in the production of distilled spirits in his distillery, except in the intervals when he shall have suspended desiring to sus- work, as hereinafter authorized or provided. Any distiller desiring to pend work to suspend work in his distillery may give notice in writing to the assistant assessor of his division, stating when he will suspend work; and on the day mentioned in said notice said assistant assessor shall, at the expense of the distiller, proceed to fasten securely the door of every furnace of every still or boiler in said distillery, by locks and otherwise, and shall adopt such other means as the commissioner of internal revenue shall prescribe to prevent the lighting of any fire in such furnace or under such stills or boilers. The locks and seals, and other materials required for such purpose, shall be furnished to the assessor of the district by the commissioner of internal revenue, to be duly accounted for by said assessor. Such notice by any distiller, and the action taken by the assistant assessor in pursuance thereof, shall be immediately reported to the assessor of the district, and by him transmitted to the commissioner of internal revenue. No distiller, after having given such notice, shall, after the time stated therein, carry on the business of a distiller on said premises until he shall ness in that place have given another notice in writing to said assessor, stating the time when he will resume work; and at the time so stated for resuming work the assistant assessor shall attend at the distillery to remove said locks and other fastenings; and thereupon, and not before, work may be re-

care or management of any theatre, opera, circus, museum, or other public exhibition of dramatic or operatic representations, plays, performances, eras. &c. musical entertainments, feats of horsemanship, acrobatic sports, or other shows which are opened to the public for pay, but not including occasional concerts, school exhibitions, lectures, or exhibitions of works of art, shall be subject to and pay a duty of two per centum on the gross amount of all receipts derived by such person, firm, company, or corporation from such representations, plays, performances, exhibitions, shows, or musical entertainments.

SEC. 109. And be it further enacted, That any person, firm, company, Persons having or corporation owning or possessing, or having the care or management charge of railof corporation owning or possessing, or naving the care of management roads, &c., to of, any railroad, canal, steamboat, ship, barge, canal-boat, or other vessel, make monthly or any ferry, toll-road or bridge, as enumerated and described in section returns to assess one hundred and two [three] of this act; or carrying on or doing an ex-duties monthly. press business; or engaged in the business of insurance, as hereinbefore described; or owning or having the care and management of any telegraph line, or owning, possessing, leasing, or having the control or management of any circus, theatre, opera, or museum, shall within twenty days after the end of each and every month, make a list or return in duplicate to the assistant assessor of the district, stating the gross amount of their receipts, respectively, for the month next preceding, which return shall be verified by the oath or affirmation of such owner, possessor, manager, agent, or other proper officer, in the manner and form to be prescribed from time to time by the commissioner of internal revenue; and shall also pay to the collector the full amount of duties which have accrued on such receipts for the month aforesaid. And in case of neglect or refusal to make said lists or return for the space of ten days after such return should have been made as aforesaid, the assessor or assistant assessor shall proceed to estimate the amount received and the duties payable thereon, and shall add thereto ten per centum, as hereinbefore provided in other cases of delinquency, to make return for purposes of assessment; and for the purpose of making such assessment, or of ascertaining the correctness of any such return, the books of any such person, firm, company, or corporation shall be subject to the inspection of the assessor or assistant assessor on his demand or request therefor. And in case of neglect or refusal to pay the duties, with the addition aforesaid, when the same have been ascertained, for the space of ten days after the case of neglect same shall have become payable, the owner, possessor, or person having the management as aforesaid, shall pay, in addition, ten per centum on the amount of such duties and addition; and for any attempt knowingly to evade the payment of such duties, the said owner, possessor, or person having the care or management as aforesaid, shall be liable to pay a penalty of one thousand dollars for every such attempt, to be recovered as provided in this act for the recovery of penalties. And all provisions of this act in relation to liens and collections by distraint, not incompatible herewith, shall apply to this section and the objects therein embraced.

Theatres, op-

Post, p. 479.

Proceedings in

### BANKS AND BANKING.

Banks and banking.

SEC. 110. And be it further enacted, That there shall be levied, collected, and paid a duty of one twenty-fourth of one per centum each posits; month upon the average amount of the deposits of money, subject to payment by check or draft, or represented by certificates of deposit or otherwise, whether payable on demand or at some future day, with any person, bank, association, company or corporation engaged in the business of banking; and a duty of one twenty-fourth of one per centum each month as aforesaid, upon the average amount of the capital of any bank, association, company, or corporation, or person engaged in the business of banking beyond the amount invested in United States bonds; and a duty of

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on capital.

Duty on circulation.

Monthly re-

Monthly payments.

1863, ch. 58, Vol. xii. p. 865.

[Clause stricken out, post, p. 479.]

What banks exempt.

one twelfth of one per centum each month upon the average amount of circulation issued by any bank, association, corporation, company, or person, including as circulation all certified checks and all notes and other obligations calculated or intended to circulate or to be used as money, but not including that in the vault of the bank, or redeemed and on deposit for said bank; and an additional duty of one sixth of one per centum, each month, upon the average amount of such circulation, issued as aforesaid, beyond the amount of ninety per centum of the capital of any such bank, association, corporation, company, or person, and upon any amount of such circulation, beyond the average amount of the circulation that had been issued as aforesaid by any such bank, association, corporation, company, or person, for the six months preceding the first day of July, eighteen hundred and sixty-four. And on the first Monday of August next, and of each month thereafter, a true and accurate return of the amount of circulation, of deposit, and of capital as aforesaid, for the previous month, shall be made and rendered in duplicate by each of such banks, associations, corporations, companies, or persons to the assessor of the district in which any such bank, association, corporation, or company may be located, or in which such person may reside, with a declaration annexed thereto, and the oath or affirmation of such person, or of the president or cashier of such bank, association, corporation, or company, in such form and manner as may be prescribed by the commissioner of internal revenue, that the same contains a true and faithful statement of the amount of circulation, deposits, and capital as aforesaid, subject to duty as aforesaid, and shall transmit the duplicate of said return to the commissioner of internal revenue, and within twenty days thereafter shall pay to the said commissioner of internal revenue the duties bereinbefore prescribed upon the said amount of circulation, of deposits, and of capital, as aforesaid, and for any refusal or neglect to make or to render such return and payment as aforesaid, any such bank, association, corporation, company, or person so in default shall be subject to and pay a penalty of two hundred dollars, besides the additional penalty and forfeitures in other cases provided in this act: and the amount of circulation, deposit, and capital, as aforesaid. in default of the proper return, shall be estimated by the assessor or assistant assessor of the district as aforesaid, upon the best information he can obtain; and every such penalty, together with the duties as aforesaid, may be recovered for the use of the United States in any court of competent Branch-banks. jurisdiction. And in the case of banks with branches, the duty herein provided for shall be imposed upon the circulation of each branch, severally, and the amount of capital of each branch shall be considered to be the amount allotted to such branch; and so much of an act entitled "An 1863, ch. 73, \$7. act to provide ways and means for the support of the government," approved March three, eighteen hundred and sixty-three, as imposes any tax on banks, their circulation, capital, or deposits, other than is herein provided, is hereby repealed: Provided, That this section shall not apply to associations which are taxed under and by virtue of the act "to provide a national currency, secured by a pledge of United States bonds, and to provide for the circulation and redemption thereof;" nor to any savings-bank having no capital stock, and whose business is confined to receiving deposits and loaning the same on interest for the benefit of the depositors only, and which do no other business of banking: And provided, further, That any bank ceasing to issue notes for circulation, and which shall deposit in the treasury of the United States, in lawful money, the amount of its outstanding circulation, to be redeemed at par, under such regulations as the Secretary of the Treasury may prescribe, shall be exempt from any tax upon such circulation.